

Changes in Income-tax Forms (ITR 1 to 4) & Amendments in Income-tax Act 1961

CA Utsav Shah & CA Viren Doshi
Training Session For CA Students
Bombay Chartered Accountants' Society

30th August 2021

Contents

- Liability to file Income-tax Return
- Selection of Form
- Importance of AY 2021-22
- Amendments in the IT Act 1961
 - Residential Status
 - New Rates of Tax
 - Salary Income
 - Profit and Gains from Business or Profession
 - Capital Gains
 - Income from Other Sources
 - Others
- Issues in filing Income-tax Returns and New IT Portal
- Return filing Checklist



Who Is Liable To File?

- Basic income exceeds basic exemption limit of INR 2.5 lakhs
- Deposited amount or aggregate of amounts exceeding INR 1 crores in one or more current accounts during the year
- Individual has spent an amount or aggregate of amounts exceeding INR 2 lakh for himself or any other person for travel to a foreign country;
- Individual has paid electricity bill exceeding INR 1 lakh in a single bill or on aggregate basis during the financial year
- Ordinarily resident individual having income from foreign countries and/or assets in foreign countries and/or having signing authority in any account outside India; and
- Individual's Total Income exceeds basic exemption limit before claiming exemption from capital gains u/s 54, 54B, 54D, 54EC, 54F, 54G, 54GA or 54GB.





Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)















Utility connected Online

Please answer the following questions to proceed further

0	Taxable income is more than basic exemption limit			
0	Filing return of income due to fulfilling any one or more below mentioned conditions as per Seventh Proviso to section 139(1):			
	Deposited amount or aggregate of amounts exceeding ₹ 1 crore in one or more current account during the previous year;			
	Incurred expenditure of an amount or aggregate of amount exceeding ₹ 2 lakhs for travel to a foreign country for yourself or for any other person;			
	Incurred expenditure of amount or aggregate of amount exceeding ₹ 1 lakh on consumption of electricity during the previous year			
0	Others			

Copyright @ Income Tax Department, Ministry of Finance, Government of India. All Rights Reserved

Based on your previous response, please furnish following information OR Edit Response

• Are you filing return of income under Seventh proviso to section 139(1) but otherwise not required to furnish return of income?





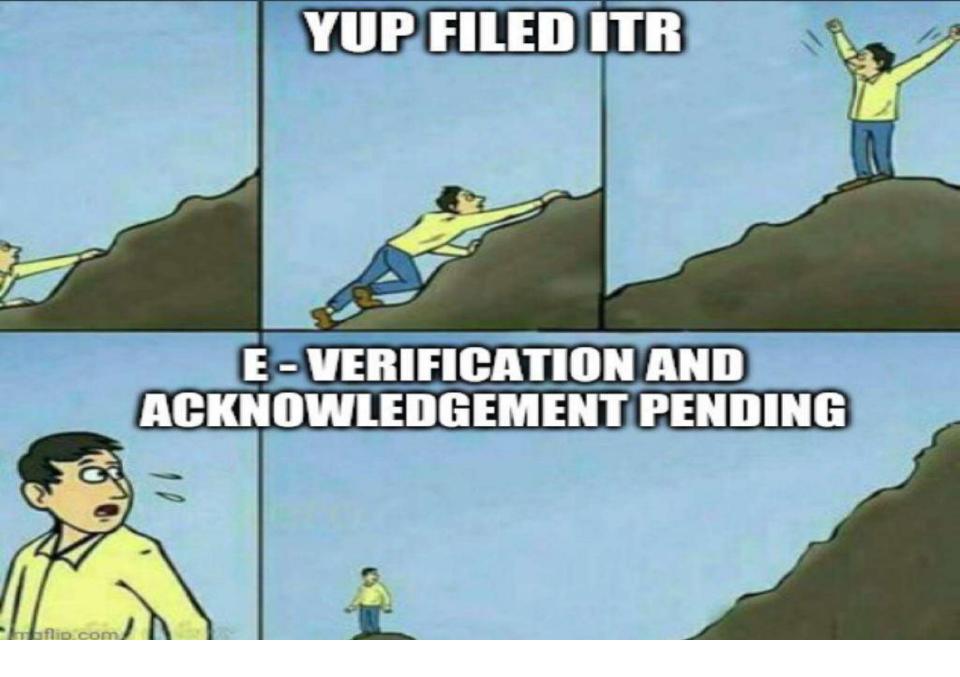
S. N.	Particulars	ITR 1	ITR 2	ITR3	ITR4
1.	Salary (ROR)	✓	✓	√	√
2.	Salary (NOR/NR)		\checkmark	\checkmark	
3.	Director of Company		✓	✓	
4.	Holding Unlisted Shares		\checkmark	✓	
5.	Income from one House Property	√	✓	√	✓
6.	Income from Multiple HP & Loss c/f.		\checkmark	✓	
7. Income from Business or Profess				✓	
8	Presumptive Income (ROR)				√
9.	Presumptive Income (NOR/NR)			✓	

(S. N.	Particulars	ITR 1	ITR 2	ITR3	ITR4
	10.	Interest/Salary/Share of Profit from Firm/LLP			√	
	11.	Capital Gain		\checkmark	√	
	12.	IFOS	√	√	√	\checkmark
	13.	IFOS (Chargeable at special rates)		√	\checkmark	
	14.	Foreign Income, Signatory for foreign Bank A/c., Foreign Assets		√	√	
	15.	Claiming TDS of other person		✓	\checkmark	
	16.	Agriculture Income > INR 5,000 Total Income > INR 50,00,000		√	√	









Return Forms – Key Due Dates

Original Due Date 31 July 2021

Extended Due Date 30 September 2021

Original Due Date 31 October 2021

Extended Due Date 30 November 2021

Deadline for issuing Form 16

Individuals, Firms, Partners not liable for audit

Submission of tax audit report u/s 44AB filing for
Companies,
Assessees covered
under Audit,
Partners of the firms

Assessee required to submit Report u/s 92E

Original Due Date 15 June 2021

Extended Due Date 15 July 2021

Original Due Date 30 September 2021

Extended Due Date 31 October 2021

Original Due Date 31 October 2021

Extended Due Date 30 November 2021





Old Tax Rates v/s New Tax Rates

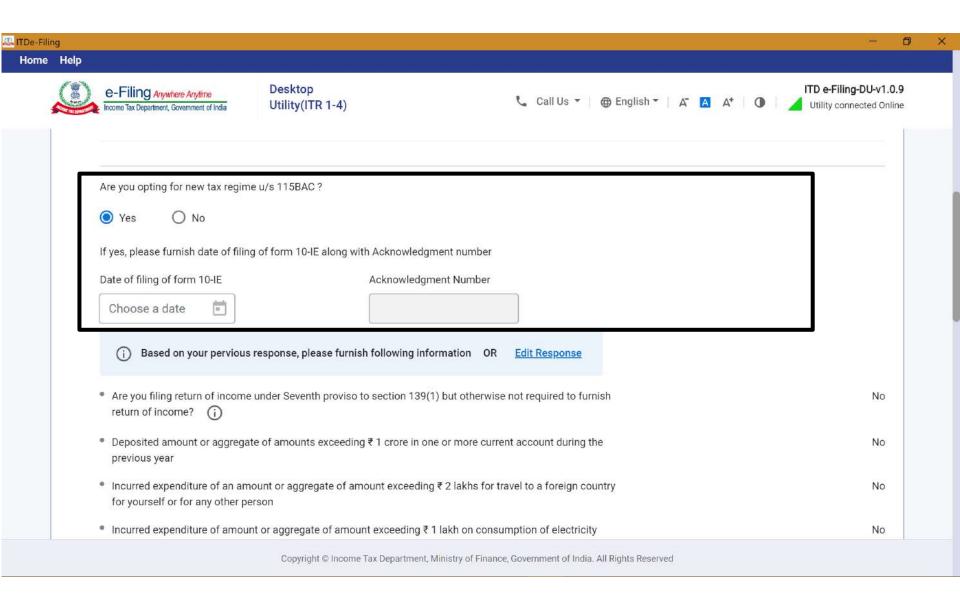
Old Rates (With Exemptions and Deductions)	Annual Income	New rate (Without Exemptions and Deductions)
Nil	Up to INR 2.5 lakhs	Nil
5%	INR 2.5 – 5 lakh	5%
20%	INR 5 – 7.5 lakh	10%
20 %	INR 7.5 – 10 lakh	15%
	INR 10-12.5 lakh	20%
30%	INR 12.5-15 lakh	25%
	INR 15 and above	30%

Deductions not allowed while Opting for New Tax Regime

- Standard Deduction of INR 50,000/- under Salary
- HRA
- Leave travel Assistance
- Children Education Allowance
- Deduction from Family Pension
- Interest on Self Occupied Property
- **80C**
- 80D
- 80CCD
- Loss of SOP
- CFL in respect of LOP
- No Set Off of any BFL against Income under the new scheme
- No Depreciation u/s. 32 except clause (ii) of sub-section (1) allowed;
- Deductions u/s 32AD, 33ABA, 33ABA, 35, 35AD, 35CCC

Deductions allowed while Opting for New Tax Regime

- Deduction u/s 80CCD (2) (employer's contribution to your pension account)
- Deduction u/s 80JJAA (additional employee cost)
- Transport Allowance for Differently Abled Employees (Divyang)
- Conveyance Allowance for performance of office duties
- Any Allowance for the cost of Travel/ Tour/ Transfer
- Daily Allowance given to employees under certain conditions





Since you are opting for New tax Regime u/s 115BAC. You will not be eligible to set-off House property loss and claim following deduction/allowances. Do you want to continue?

- 1) Certain allowances u/s section 10 (LTA, HRA, allowances granted to meet expenses in performance of duties of office, Allowances granted to meet personal expenses in performance of duties of office, Allowance received by MP/MLA/MLC, Standard deduction in case of Minor child).
- 2) Deductions u/s 16 (Standard Deduction, Entertainment allowance and Professional tax).
- 3) Interest payable on borrowed capital for self occupied property.
- 4) Standard Deduction in case of family pension.
- 5) Deduction u/s 10AA in respect of newly established Units in Special Economic Zones.
- 6) Additional depreciation u/s 32(1) (iia)

Cancel

Proceed

Economic Zones.

- 6) Additional depreciation u/s 32(1) (iia)
- 7) Investment allowance in notified backward areas in certain States u/s 32AD
- 8) Deduction in respect of tea/coffee/rubber business u/s 33AB
- 9) Deduction in respect of business of prospecting for, or extraction or production of, petroleum or natural gas u/s 33ABA
- 10) Deduction in respect of expenditure on scientific research u/s 35(2AA) and 35(1)(ii)/35(1)(iia)/ 35(1)(iii)
- 11) Deduction in respect of expenditure on specified business u/s 35AD
- 12) Deduction in respect of expenditure on agricultural extension project u/s 35CCC
- 13) Chapter VIA Deduction (life insurance, health insurance premium, pension funds, provident fund, donation etc) except Contribution made by employer to notified pension scheme u/s 80CCD(2) & Deduction in respect of employment of new employees u/s 80JJAA

Do you want to proceed?

Cancel

Filed in response to notice u/s



139(9) Filed in response to notice u/s

139(9) to rectify the defect

142(1)

Return filed against notice u/s 142(1)

148

Return filed against notice u/s 148 for assessment

Are you opting for new tax regime u/s 115BAC?

Ħ





If yes, please furnish date of filing of form 10-IE along with Acknowledgment number

Date of filing of form 10-IE

Acknowledgment Number

Form 10-IE Filing Date and/or Acknowledgement Number fields are BLOCKED which are otherwise necessary to enter. Pray that it is entered in pre-filled forms.

Choose a date



Based on your pervious response, please furnish following information OR

Edit Response

 Are you filing return of income under Seventh proviso to section 139(1) but otherwise not required to furnish return of income?

No

Denosited amount or aggregate of amounts exceeding ₹ 1 crore in one or more current account during the

No

Extract from Preview Return from Offline Desktop Utility – ITR 3

	Are you enting for new toy regime u/o 11EDAC 2				
Are you opting for new tax regime u/s 115BAC? Yes No Not showing Form 10-IE Filing Date and/ or Acknowledgement Number which is otherwise prescribed in the notified forms Are you filing return of income under Seventh proviso to Section 139(1) – (Tick) Yes No If yes, please furnish following information [Note: To be filled only if a person is not required to furnish a return of income under section 139(1) but filing return income due to fulfilling one or more conditions mentioned in the seventh proviso to section 139(1)]					
(bii)	Have you incurred expenditure of an amount or aggregate of amount exceeding Rs. 2 lakhs for travel to a foreign country for yourself or for any other person	Amount (Rs) (If Yes) ₹ 0			
(biii)	Have you incurred expenditure of amount or aggregate of amount exceeding Rs. 1 lakh on consumption of electricity during the previous year? (Yes/No)	Amount (Rs) (If Yes) ₹ 0			
(c)	If revised/Defective/Modified, then enter Receipt No. and Date of filing original return				

Changes In Residential Status



Provisions before amendment for individuals

Resident

- Stay in India for 182 days or more during PY [S. 6(1)(a)]
- Stay in India for 60 days or more during PY + 365 days or more in preceding 4 years before PY [S. 6(1)(c)]
 - 60 days replaced for 182 days in following [Exp. to S. 6(1)]
 - IC leaving for employment outside India
 - IC leaving as crew member of Indian Ship
 - IC or PIO residing outside India who have come for visit to India

Resident but Not-Ordinarily Resident

- Individual is NR in 9 out of 10 preceding PYs; or
- Stay in India is less than 730 days in 7 preceding PYs

Exhibit 1

An HNI stayed in various countries in FY 2018-19 as follows -

UAE (1 April 2018 to 15 Sept. 2018) Singapore (16 Sept. 2018 to 10 Jan. 2019) India (11 Jan. 2019 to 31 March 2019)

NRI Status -How was it 'Managed'?

He ends up not being resident in any of the country. He pays tax only on source basis in all jurisdictions. Not liable to pay tax on global income or disclose foreign assets in any country. He does this every year. Such individual holds 'Indian Citizenship'.

Exhibit 2

An individual **being IC** is managing his business from India. During FY 2019-20, he visits India for 10-15 days every month for controlling business operations. However, his stay in India will not exceed 180 days (15 days X 12 months). **Consequently, he will be treated as a Non-Resident since his stay during the year is less than 182 days**.

Changes In Residential Status - Amendments

- FA 2020 tweaked provisions related to Residential Status for preventing tax abuse by individuals
 - Tax nomads
 - People doing economic activities from India and managing to stay NR
- It is such that certain category of individuals will fall under the category of 'Residents' who were otherwise considered as 'Non-Residents'.
- All the amendments are applicable if Income from Indian Sources of such person exceeds INR 15 lakhs ('IIFS Condition')

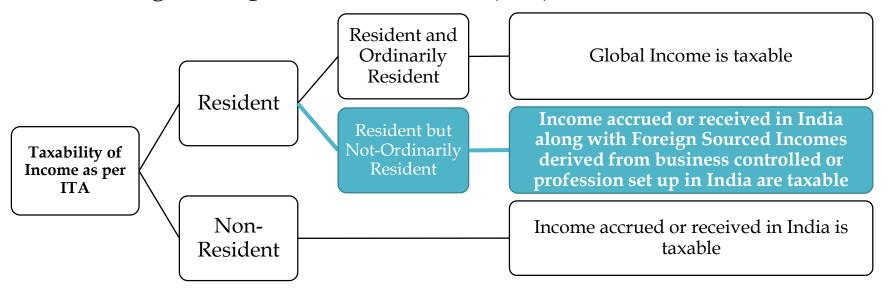
Changes In Residential Status - Amendments

- Reduction in number of days for **IC or PIO** visiting India [Exp. 1(b) to S. 6(1), S. 6(6)(c) & Exp. to S. 6]
 - Visit condition reduced to 120 days (earlier 182 days)

- Deemed RNOR Status [S. 6(1A), S. 6(6)(d) & Exp. to S. 6]
 - Indian Citizen
 - Not liable to tax in any other country by reason of domicile, residence or such other criteria

Changes In Residential Status – Implications

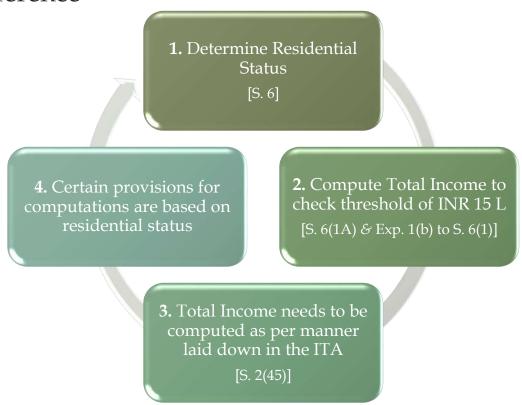
Widening of scope of total income (S. 5)



- Dilution of RNOR Condition S. 6(6)(a)
 - First limb He has to be NR in 9 out 10 years preceding the relevant year; or
 - *Second limb* His stay in India should be less than 730 days in 7 years preceding the relevant year.
- Presumptive Tax Schemes, Residential Status based exemptions, Special Tax Rates, etc.

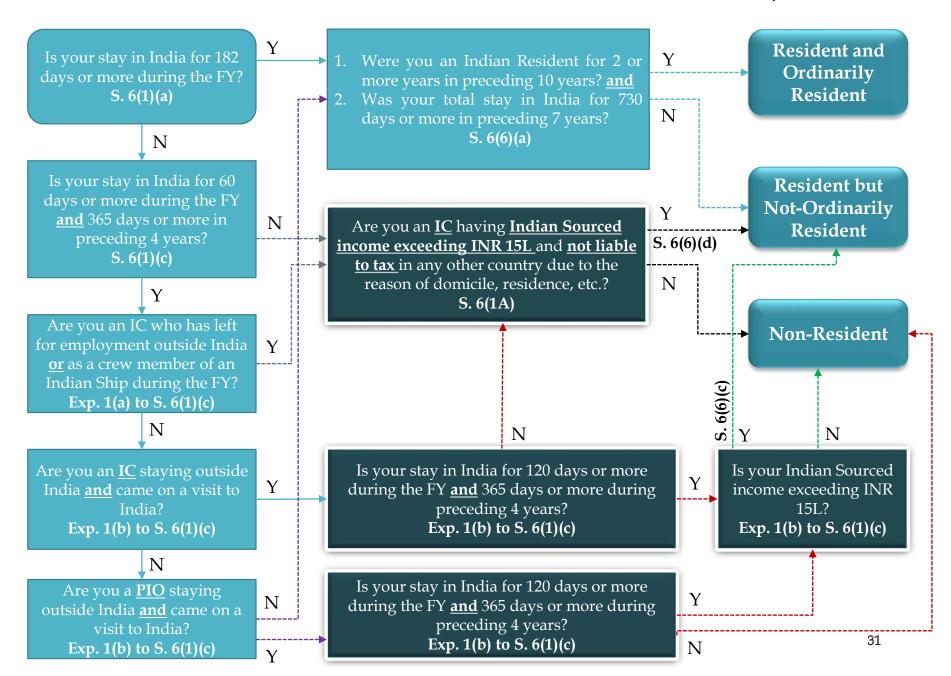
Changes In Residential Status – Ambiguities

Circular Reference



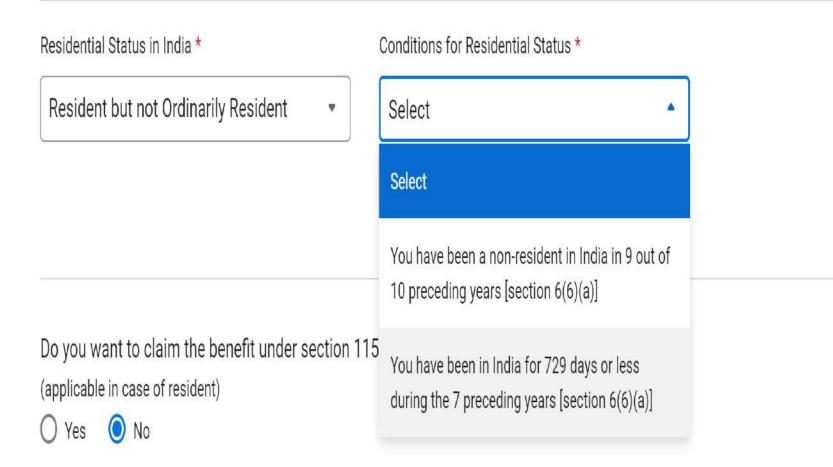
- 'Liable to Tax' Interpretation Issues [S. 2(29A)]
- Income derived from Business Controlled or Profession Set-up in India

Residential Status for an Individual under Income-tax Act, 1961



(f)	Residential Status in India (for individuals) (Tick applicable	A. Resident	☐ You were in India for 182 days or more during the previous year [section 6(1)(a)] ☐ You were in India for 60 days or more during the previous year, and have been in India for 365 days or more within the 4 preceding years [section (6)(1)(c)] [where Explanation 1 is not applicable]			
	option) B. Resident but not □ You have been a non-			u have been a non-resident in India in 9 out of 10 preceding years [section 6(6)(a)]		
	2419.0	Ordinarily Resident	-	we been in India for 729 days or less durin		
		C. Non-resident	(i) Please S.No. 1 2 (ii) In case	specify the jurisdiction(s) of residence dur Jurisdiction of residence e you are a Citizen of India or a Person of riod of stay in India during the previous ye (in days)	Taxpayer Identification Number Indian Origin (POI), please specify -	
	Residential Status in India (for HUF) (Tick applicable option)	☐ Resident ☐ Reside	ent but not	Ordinarily Resident	resident	
(-)	Do you want to alaim	the henefit under section 1150	19 (annlica)	bla in case of unsident	П V П N-	

Conditions related to amendments made in FA 2020 have not been inserted. In case any person has become RNOR due to such amendment will not be able to file ROI accurately and may have to give incorrect declaration. Consequences u/s 277 of the Income-tax Act may follows.





ESOP to employees of eligible start-up u/s 80-IAC

- The tax is required to be paid or deducted in respect of such ESOPs within 14 days from the earliest of the following period:
 - After expiry of 48 months from the end of AY relevant to the FY in which ESOPs are allotted;
 - From the date the assessee ceases to be an employee of the organization; or
 - From the date of sale of shares allotted under ESOP.

It needs to be noted that taxation of income has not been deferred, only tax payment has been deferred

Computation of Tax Deferment on ESOP

ABC Pvt. Ltd launched an ESOP Scheme for its employee in Year 00 under which shares of the company would be allotted to employees at free of cost. Mr. A, is one of the employees of ABC Pvt. Ltd.

Mr. A exercises his option to apply for the shares of the company in year 01. At the time of exercising of option, the fair market value of shares was INR 100. However, the company allots shares to Mr. A in Year 02.

What shall be the amount of perquisite and in which year it shall be chargeable to tax in hands of Mr. A and at what rate?

Computation of Tax Deferment on ESOP

Tax payable on salary income excluding ESOPs perquisite

Tax on total income including ESOPs perquisites

Total income excluding ESOPs perquisites

Total income including ESOPs perquisites

Illustration

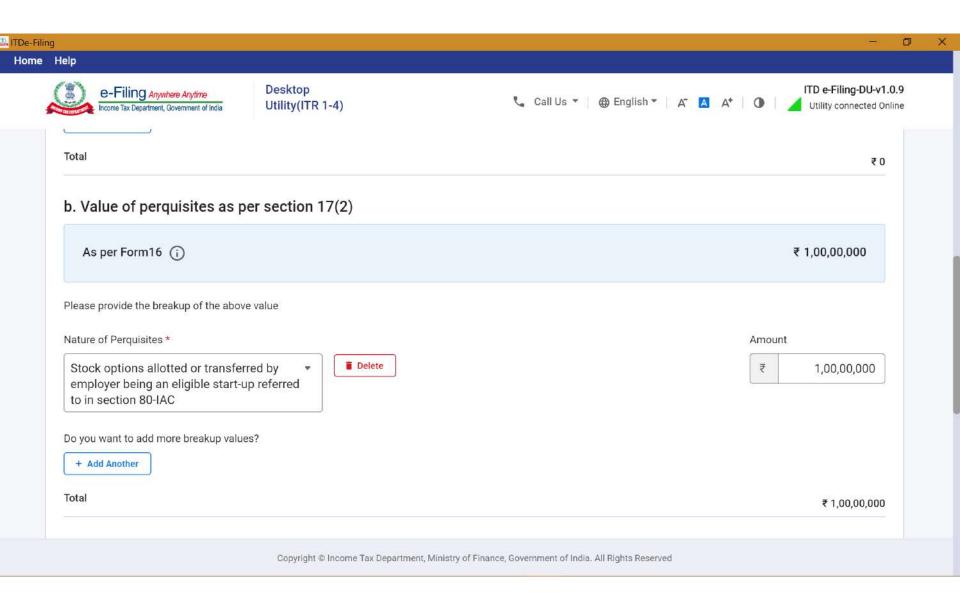
Mr. A, working in a start-up company, has been allotted 100,000 shares at the rate of INR 10 per share under the ESOP scheme in the Financial Year 2020-21. The fair market value of shares at the time of exercising of option by Mr. A is INR 100. The perquisite value of ESOPs taxable in the hands of Mr. A shall be INR 90 Lakhs [100,000 shares* (INR 100 – INR 10)].

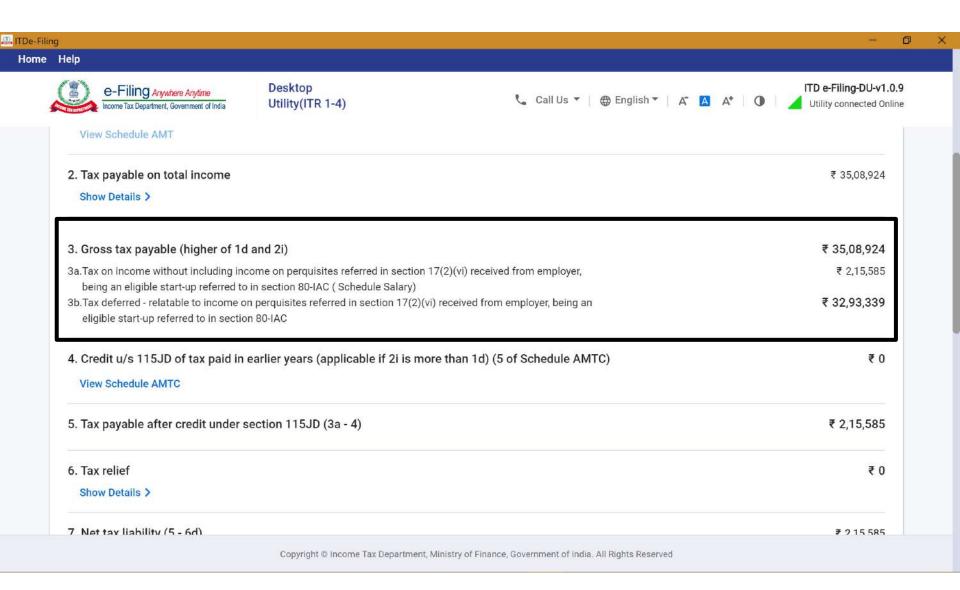
The annual salary of Mr. A (excluding perquisite value of ESOPs) in that year is INR 40 Lakhs. He continues with the company even after expiry of 48 months from the end of the assessment year in which shares are allotted and he does not sell the shares even after expiry of said period.

What shall be the mechanism for deferment of TDS and tax on perquisite value of ESOPs in such a case?

FOR AY 2021-22				
Total Income before including perquisite value of ESOPs (A)	40,00,000			
Add: Perquisite Value of ESOPs (B)	90,00,000			
Total Income after including perquisite value of ESOPs (C)	1,30,00,000			
Tax on INR 1.30 crores as per slab rates applicable for Assessment Year 2021-22 as per old taxation regime (D)	44,40,150			
Tax liability attributable to salary income (excluding the perquisite of ESOPs) $[D * A/C]$	13,66,200			

FOR AY 2026-27	
Total tax liability for Assessment Year 2021-22 after considering perquisite value of ESOPs	44,40,150
Less: Tax already paid at the time of filing of return for the Assessment Year 2021-22	13,66,200
Differential amount to be deducted or paid by the employer or employee in the Assessment Year 2026-27	30,73,950



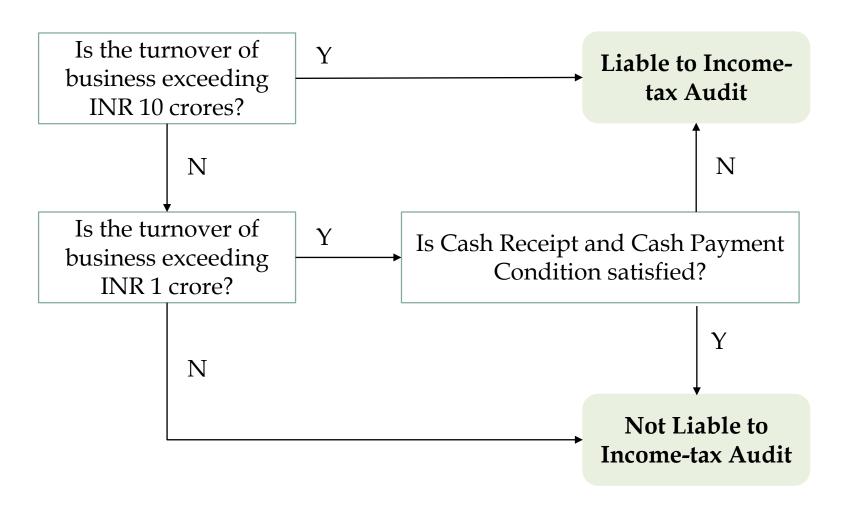




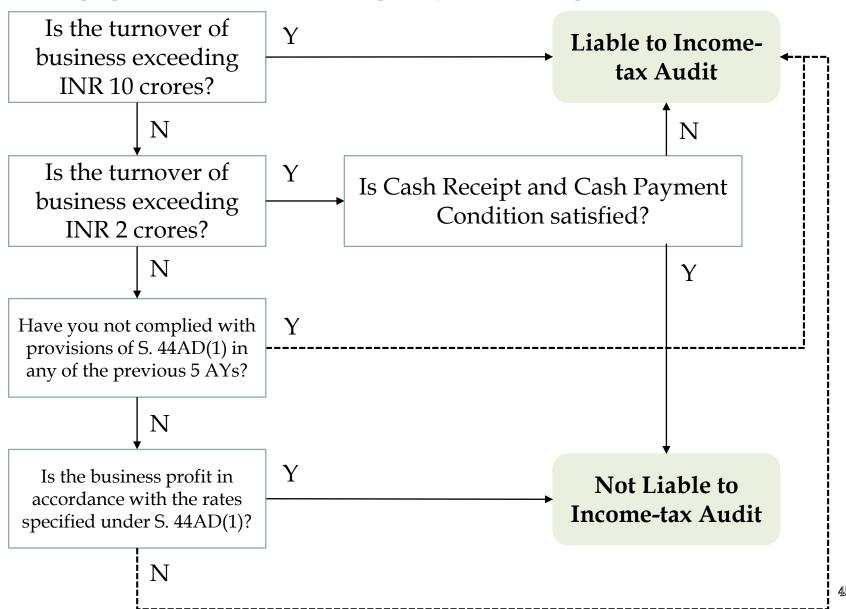
Audit Related Amendments

- Tax Audit Limit (FA 2021 w.e.f. 1 April 2021, i.e. AY 2021-22)
 - Increased to INR 10 crores subject to satisfaction of Cash Receipt and Cash Payment condition elaborated as follows –
 - Cash receipts, including amount received for sales, turnover or gross receipts, does not exceeds 5% of the aggregate amount received during the previous year; and
 - Cash payments, including amount incurred for expenditure, does not exceed 5% of the aggregate amount paid during the previous year.
- Presumptive Taxation Provisions for professionals (S. 44ADA)
 - Earlier applicable to all resident assesses
 - Now been restricted to Individuals, Partnership Firms (other than LLPs)
 - In line with provisions of S. 44AD

Income-tax Audit criteria for Companies, LLPs and Individuals, HUFs & Firms engaged in business of agency, brokerage or commission



Income-tax Audit criteria for Individuals, HUFs & Firms not engaged in business of agency, brokerage or commission



Home Help



Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)



Call Us T | # English T | A A A |











Filing Section



Are you liable to maintain accounts as per section 44AA? (i)



Whether assesee is declaring income only under section 44AE/44B/ 44BB/44AD/44ADA/44BBA/44BBB? (i)

O Yes



Are you liable for audit under section 44AB? (i)

(Yes



Are you liable for Audit u/s 92E? (i)

O Yes



Whether during the year Total sales/turnover/gross receipts of business exceeds ₹ 1 crore but does not exceed ₹ 10 crores?





If liable to furnish other audit report,

mention the date of furnishing the audit report

Whether assessee is declaring						
income only under section 44AE/44B/44BB/44AD/44AD	by ticking the applicable checkbox:					
A/44BBA/44BBB	☐ Yes					
	□No					
If No, whether during the year	If no is selected above, whether during the year Total					
Total sales/turnover/gross	sales/turnover/gross receipts of business exceeds Rs. 1					
receipts of business exceeds	ciole put does not exceeds us. To ciole by ticking the					
Rs. 1 crore but does not exceeds Rs. 5 Crore?	applicable checkbox:					
Mistake in instruction, should not get confused	□ Yes					
2222 22	□No					

Contribution to Welfare Funds

- No deduction of employee's contribution to welfare funds if paid after the relevant due dates
 - Explanation inserted to S. 36(1)(va) to clarify that the provisions of S. 43B do not and deemed to have never been applied
 - Suo-motu rectifications being done by CPC for earlier AYs
 - Decisions affirmed
 - PCIT v. Suzlon Energy Ltd [2020] 115 taxmann.com 340 (Gujarat)
 - Unifac Management Services (India) (P.) Ltd. v. DCIT [2018] 100 taxmann.com 244 (Madras)
 - Popular Vehicles & Services (P.) Ltd. v. CIT [2018] 96 taxmann.com 13 (Kerala)
 - Decisions overruled
 - PCIT v Rajasthan State Beverages Corpn. Ltd. [2017] 84 taxmann.com 173 (Rajasthan)
 - Bihar State Warehousing Corporation Ltd. v. DCIT [2017] 88 taxmann.com 455 (Patna)
 - CIT v. Kichha Sugar Co. Ltd [2013] 35 taxmann.com 54 (Uttarakhand)
 - CIT v. Vijay Shree Ltd. [2014] 43 taxmann.com 396 (Calcutta)
 - CIT v. Udaipur Dugdh Utpadak Sahakari Sangh Ltd. [2013] 35 taxmann.com 616 (Rajasthan)
 - Bihar State Warehousing Corporation Ltd. v. CIT [2016] 71 taxmann.com 247 (Patna)

Unabsorbed depreciation

- Section 32(1)(iia) provides for additional depreciation
- Unabsorbed deprecation resulting due to allowance of such additional depreciation is not allowed for set-off u/s 115BAC(2)(ii)(a)
- Such portion of unabsorbed depreciation is allowed to be added back to opening WDV for AY 2021-22

■ Delete

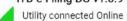








/ Edit



Schedule DPM Depreciation on plant and machinery (other than assets on which full capital expenditure is allowable as deduction under any other section)

S.NO					
1.	Block of Assets	Plant and Machinery			
2.	Rate (%)	15 (i)	30 (ii)	40 (iii)	45 (iv)
3.	Written down value on the first day of previous year	₹ 1,53,225	₹ 0	₹ 1,836	₹ 0
3a.	Amount as adjusted on account of opting for taxation under section 115BAC	₹ 1,25,800	₹ 0	₹ 0	
3b.	Adjusted Written down value on the first day of previous year (3) + (3a)	₹ 2,79,025	₹ 0	₹ 1,836	₹ 0

Depreciation on Goodwill

- Depreciation on Goodwill not to be allowed from AY 2021-22 – FA 2021
- Advance-tax interest consequences
- Rulings overruled
 - Hon'ble Supreme Court CIT v/s Smifs Securities Ltd. [2012] 24 taxmann.com 222
 - Hon'ble Supreme Court PCIT v/s Zydus Wellness Ltd. [2020] 113 taxmann.com 154

Safe Harbour Limits

- S. 43CA Increase in safe harbour limit on sale of land or building or both
 - Residential Units up to INR 2 crores being allotted first time From 5% to 20%
 - Relief to developers
 - *For period 12 November 2020 to 30 June 2021*
 - Others From 5% to 10%

22. Deemed income under section 43CA

Directly income needs to be computed and entered

₹ 0

₹ 0

23. Any other item of addition under section 28 to 44DA



Increase In Safe Harbour Limit - Section 50C



Long Term Capital Gain on Sale of Shares and Equity Oriented Mutual Funds – Section 112A and 115AD







Slump Sale

 Earlier, slump sale was defined to include the transfer only by way of 'sale' [S. 2(42C)]

■ Whether other means of transfer listed u/s 2(47) in relation to capital asset like exchange, relinquishment etc., were excluded?

- Courts held that
 - Slump sale only if it is as a result of sale
 - No monetary consideration No Slump Sale

Slump Sale

- S. 2(42)(C) amended slump sale means *transfer* of one or more undertaking, *by any means* for a lump sum consideration without values being assigned to the individual assets and liabilities in such sales.
- Also inserted *Explanation 3*, that for the purposes of this clause, "transfer" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (47) of section 2 of the Act;

Rulings overruled

- CIT v. Bharat Bijlee Ltd. [2014] 46 taxmann.com 257 (Bombay)
- Areva T & D India Ltd. v. CIT [2020] 119 taxmann.com 171 (Madras)
- PCIT v. UTV Software Communication Ltd [2019] 103 taxmann.com 12 (Bombay)

Section 50B – After amendment

- S. 50B(2) <u>retrospectively amended</u> by FA 2021 w.e.f. 1 April 2001 (FY 2000-01)
 - FMV of Capital Assets as on date of transfer deemed to be full value of consideration

- Net Worth NOT to include goodwill of business or profession other than the one which has been acquired by way of purchase
- Notfn. No. 68/2021 dated 24th May 2021 notified Rule 11UAE for Computation of Fair Market Value of Capital Assets for the purposes of S. 50B.

Distribution of Assets by Partnership Firm to Partner – Section 45(4)

 Transfer of stock or Capital asset shall be considered deemed transfer – Section 9B

Such transfer shall deemed to be income of firm

Rationalization of Section 55

- S. 55B provide for computation of Capital Gain, In respect of assets acquired before 1st April 2001 (FY 2000-01), COI is determined as under
 - Actual Cost of Acquisition
 - FMV of Capital Assets as on 01.04.2001

 Proviso has been inserted which restricts the FMV as on 01.04.2001 to Stamp Duty Value where stamp Duty is available

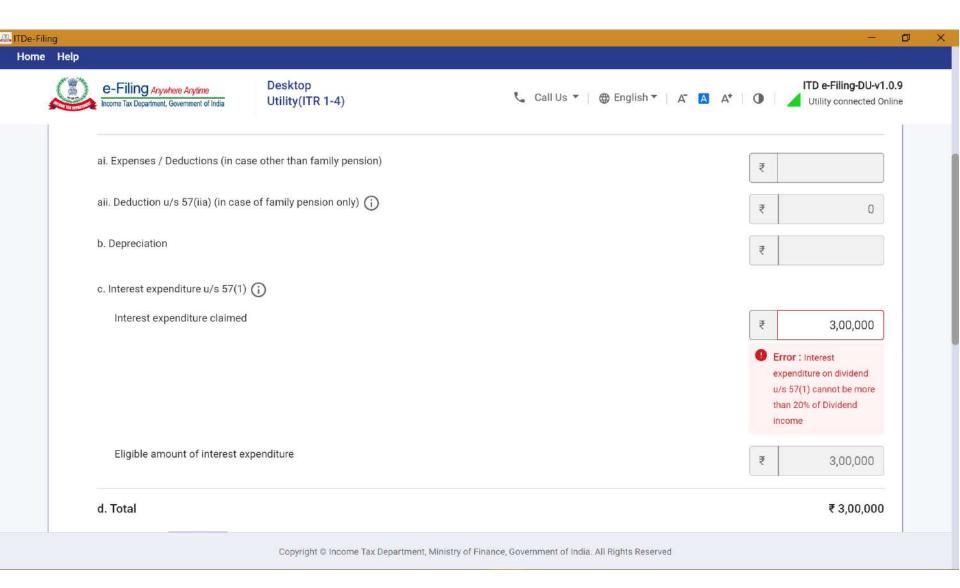


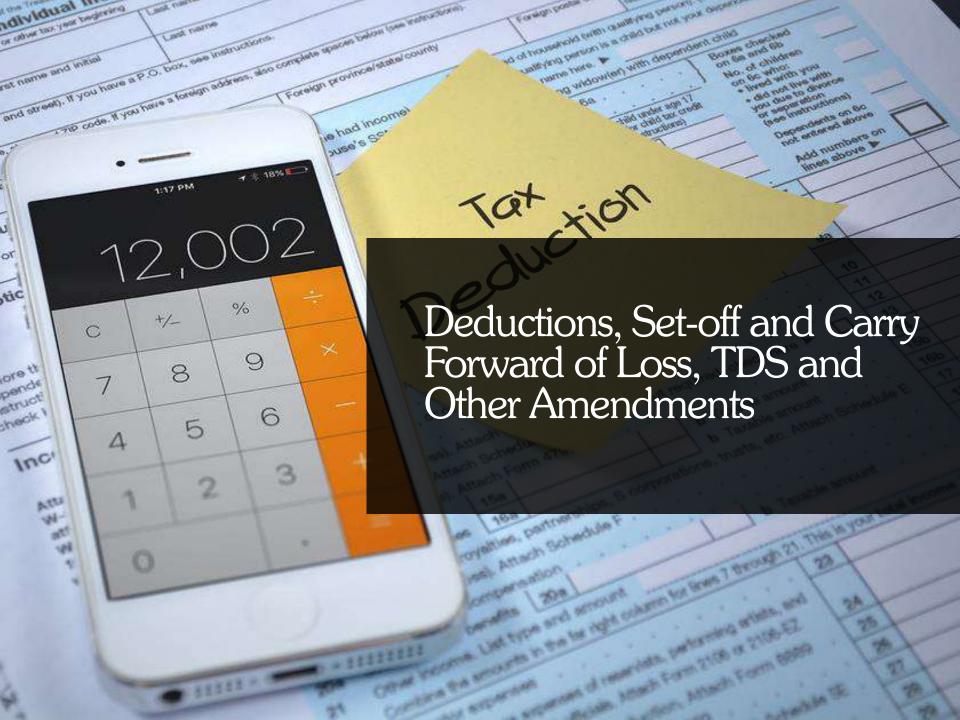
Dividend Income

- All Dividends Company and Mutual Funds
- Returning back to classical system of taxation
- Taxation at slab rates
- Liable to advance-tax
- Tax Deduction at Source
- Expenses allowed to be claimed for earning such dividend income
 - S. 57(i) 'Reasonable Sum' being 'commission or remuneration' paid to banker or any other person
 - S. 57(iii) Expense allowed if expended wholly and exclusively for earning such income
 - Proviso to the section No expense allowed other than interest expense which is further restricted to 20% of such income

Dividend Income - Issues

- Non-Residents liable to pay tax at flat rate of 20%
 - No basic exemption limit
 - No slab rates benefit
 - No Chapter VI-A deductions
 - DTAA Benefit available
 - Allowance of expenses restricted





Deduction under Section 80GGA

- Section 80GGA deduction for donations made by an assessee who is not earning income under the head 'profits and gains of business or profession'.
- No deduction is allowed for the cash donation in excess of INR 2,000.

Carry Forward Loss

- Assessee opting for alternative tax regime of Section 115BAC or Section 115BAD has to forego various exemptions and deductions. Further, carried forward losses attributable to such exemptions and deduction are not allowed to be set off. These losses are deemed to have been given full effect to and no further deduction for such loss shall be allowed for any subsequent year.
- ITR Forms notified for Assessment Year 2021-2022 have been amended to require the adjustment of such losses which are not allowed to be carried forward and set off.

Computation of Marginal Relief

- Marginal relief is allowed when taxable income is beyond the threshold limit after which surcharge is payable, but the net income in excess of threshold limit is less than the amount of surcharge.
- Earlier no separate effect of marginal relief was required to be shown in the ITR while computing total tax of the assessee. Now, the ITR Forms for the Assessment year 2021-22 have been amended to specifically require the assessee to show the effect of marginal relief on the tax payable by disclosing "surcharge computed before marginal relief" and "surcharge computed after marginal relief" separately

TDS Provision

Rates of TDS reduced by 25% w. e. f. 14.05.2020 and the new rate will be applicable up to 31.03.2021

Case Study

Turnover of Goods is 3 Crores. He is not liable for Tax Audit under Income Tax Act.

Is he liable to Deduct TDS?

Instances where TDS is required to be deducted despite not being liable for Tax Audit in preceding year

- Salaries S. 192
- Rent > INR 50,000/- per month S. 194-IB
- Purchase of Immovable Property where <u>consideration</u> is INR 50
 Lakhs or more S. 194-IA
- Person paying cash consideration under JDA S. 194-IC
- Payment for carrying out any Contractual Work or Commission or Brokerage or Professional Fees if consideration is INR 50 Lakhs or more – S. 194M
- Payment to Non-Residents S. 195

TCS on Sale of Goods – S. 206C(1H)

- Applicable if previous year's business turnover exceeded INR 10 crores
- TCS to be collected at 0.075% if sales receipt collected from one person exceeded INR 50L
- Applicable w.e.f 01.10.2020
- Collection Mechanism TCS Payable on Payment Basis

PROFESSIONAL CHAOS CHAOS COORDINATOR

How it started!



Income Tax India 🕗 @IncomeTaxIndia · Jun 7

We proudly present to our valued taxpayers, the new e-Filing portal incometax.gov.in. Designed with your convenience in mind, the portal offers features to make your e-filing experience smoother, simpler & smarter.

You Come First, Always! #eFilingMadeEasier #NewPortal



NSitharamanOffice and 5 others



Ministry of Finance has summoned Sh Salil Parekh, MD&CEO @Infosys on 23/08/2021 to explain to hon'ble FM as to why even after 2.5 months since launch of new e-filing portal, glitches in the portal have not been resolved. In fact, since 21/08/2021 the portal itself is not available.

1:55 PM · Aug 22, 2021 · Twitter for Android



Tax Guru @taxguru_in · Aug 23

Replying to @IncomeTaxIndia and @Infosys

Question is why it took 2.5 Month to summon him when it should have happened within a week's time, after all this portal affects direct tax revenue of the country. Now It's difficult to say the portal has Glitches as the portal itself is a Glitch.

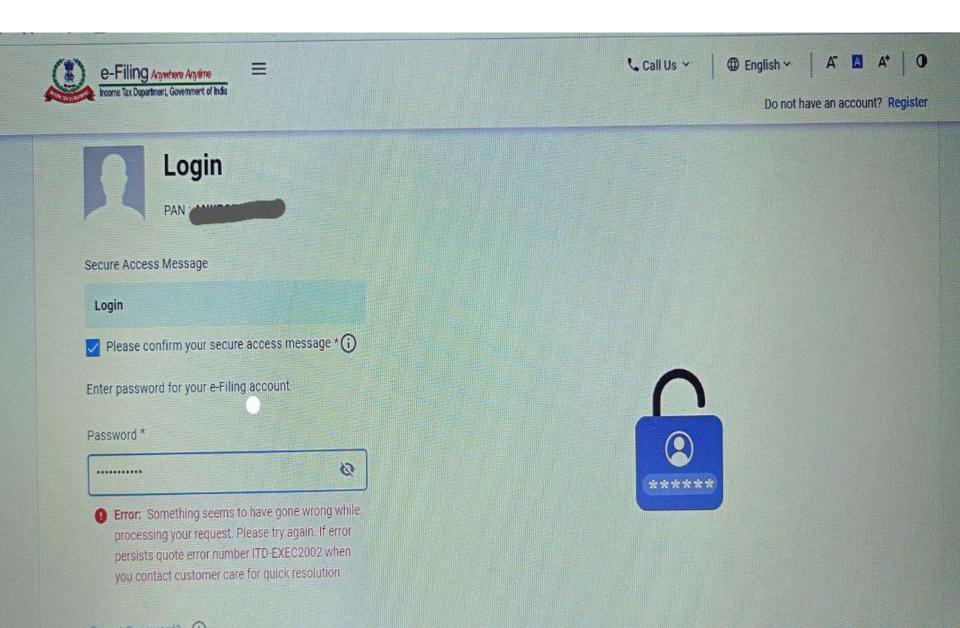
Q 23

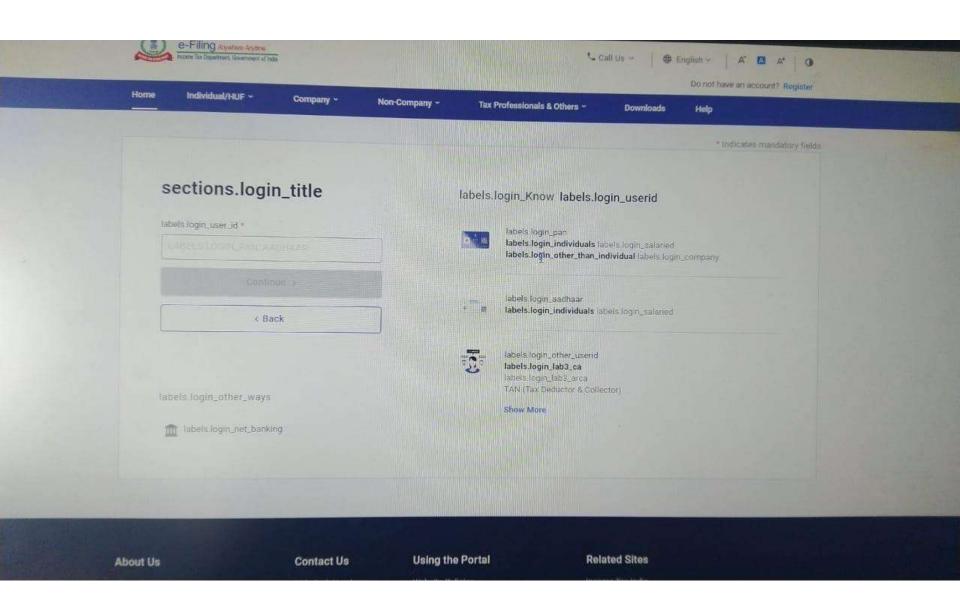
17

♥ 432

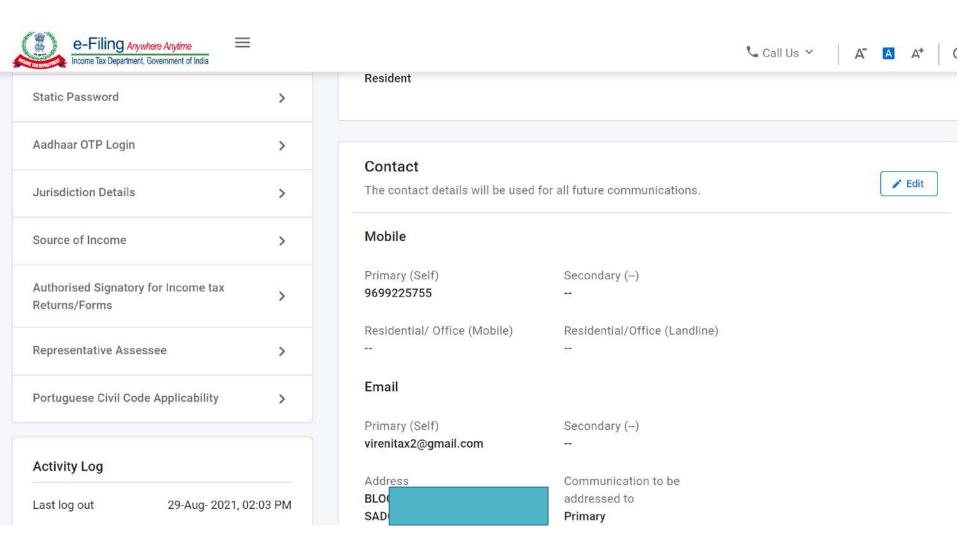


Recent Login Issues in Portal





Bank Pre-validation Issues





Bank Name

STATE BANK OF INDIA

Bank Branch

RAJKOT, GYMKHANA

Contact Details

This account can be added for receiving Refund and to generate EVC for e-Verification. Please provide Mobile number and Email Id linked with your bank account.

Mobile Number linked to the Bank Account *





Email Id linked to the Bank Account

virenitax2@gmail.com



e-Verify Return via Bank Account Number

X

Bank of Baroda

The Saraswat Cooperative Bank Ltd

IDFC FIRST BANK LIMITED

The Cosmos Cooperative Bank Ltd

JANA SMALL FINANCE BANK LTD

UCO Bank

Axis Bank

Indian Bank

IDBI Ltd

ICICI Bank Ltd

Union Bank of India

Punjab National Bank

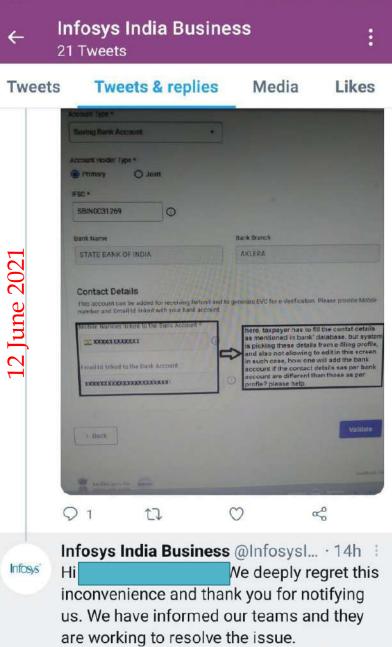
Karur Vysya Bank

Mahindra Bank Box

State Bank of India

Close





Refund Re-issue Services



e-Filing Anywhere Anytime Income Tax Department, Government of India





Date of failure: 2021-02-05

Reason for Failure: Refund failed due to Incorrect / Invalid Bank Account details

Date of Communication: 2021-02-05

Email ID

Submit Refund Reissue: <Click Here>

Action: Taxpayer to submit Refund Re-Issue Request by providing the correct Bank Account details

- Refund failure Feb 5, 2021
- Processed with refund due Jan 6, 2021
- Under Processing Jan 5, 2021
- Under Processing Jan 4, 2021
- E-Verified Dec 22, 2020



Verify

Select method of verification

Create Refund Reissue request

Select return

Raise a request to reissue failed refund amount for Income tax returns and Wealth tax returns

Select bank account



Submission of Request

User Manual and FAQs for ITR 3 Not Available on Portal

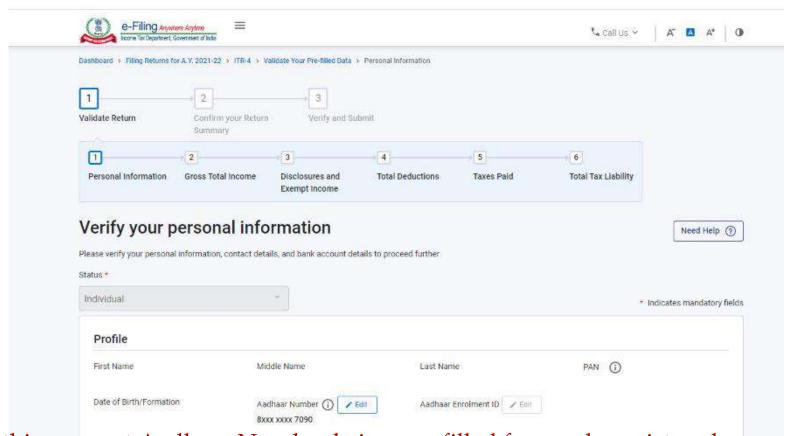
How to File Tax Returns

How to File Tax Returns

For information on How to File Returns, please refer to the following resources:

- ITR-3 User Manual (This content will be available shortly)
- ITR-3 Frequently Asked Questions (This content will be available shortly)
- ITR-4 User Manual
- ITR-4 Frequently Asked Questions

Issues in ITR

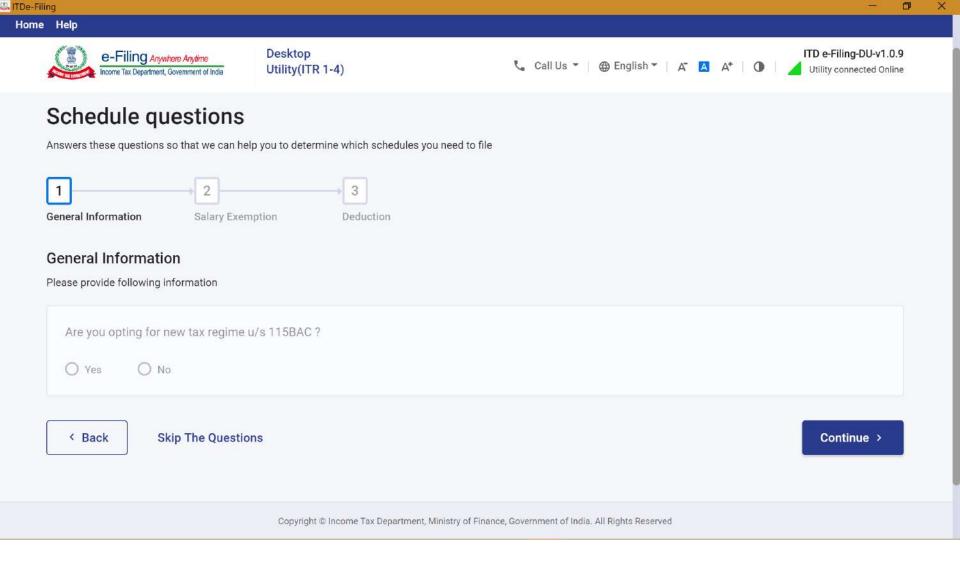


Nothing except Aadhaar Number being pre-filled for newly registered assessee.

Also, no option to enter manually.

Contact
How to file!?

/ Egit





Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)











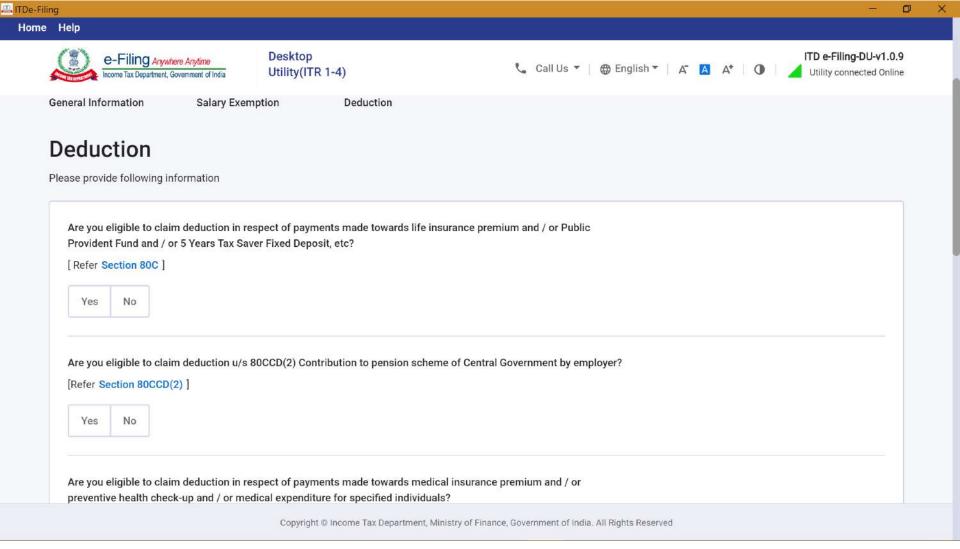
O

Salary Exemption

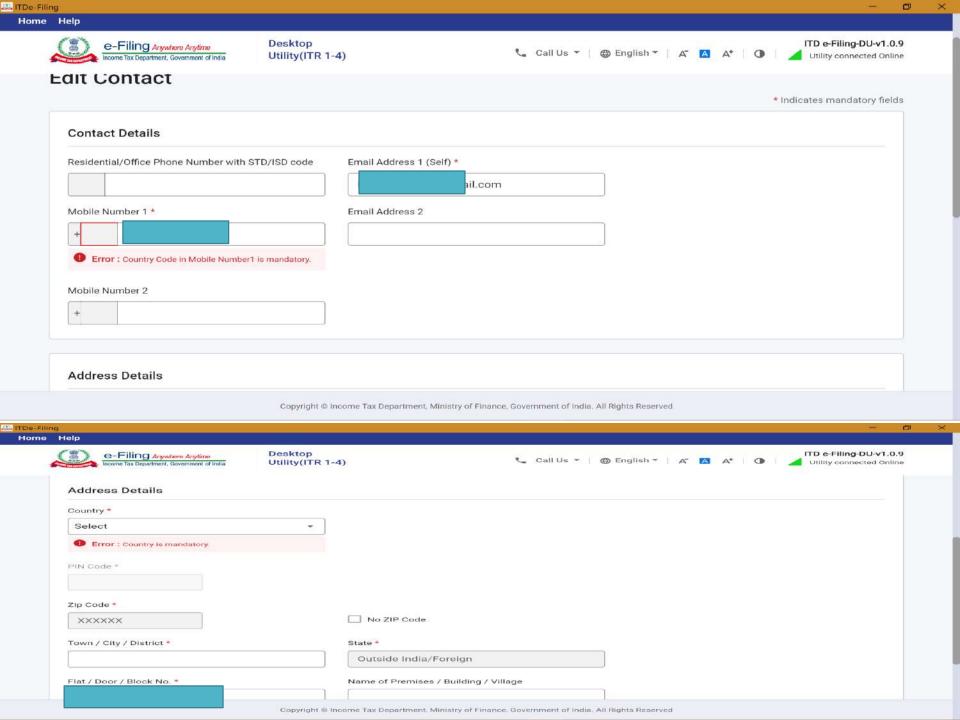
Please provide following information

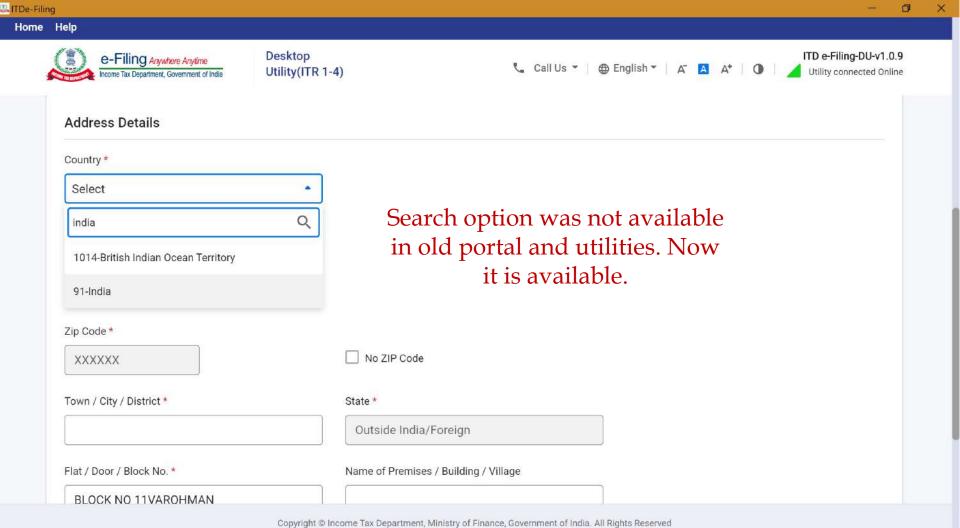
	o claim exemption in respect of expenditure incurred on cost of travel on tour or transfer etc (i) 0(14)(i) read with Rule 2BB(1)(a) to (c)]
and the place of d	o claim exemption in respect of transport allowance to commute between the place of residence duty (i) 0(14)(ii) read with Rule 2BB(2)(11)]
3.50	o claim exemption in respect of expenditure incurred on cost of travel on tour or
	once of uniform, etc (i) O(14)(i) read with Rule 2BB(1)]

Copyright © Income Tax Department, Ministry of Finance, Government of India. All Rights Reserved

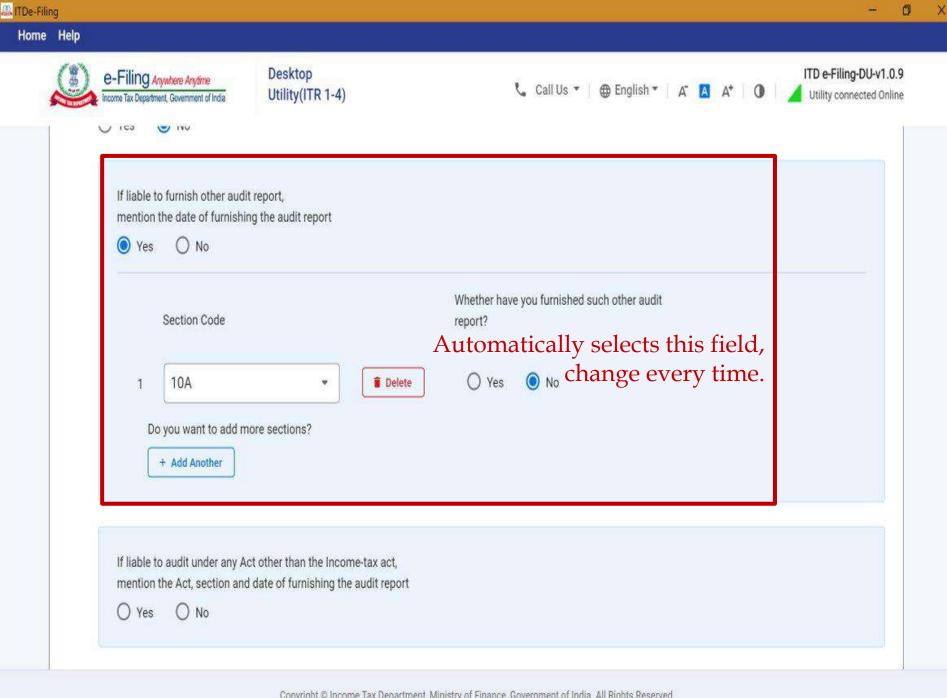


Plethora of Schedule Quiz Questions asked before initiation of ITR filing. Further, even after selection, such schedules do not necessarily disappear. Makes process tedious.





sopyright a medice rax department, winners of rinding, devention of medical an righter reserves







Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)













Home > Filing Returns for A.Y. 2021-22 > ITR-3 > Schedules > Part A - General Information > Add Bank Account

Add Bank Account

* Indicates mandatory fields It is suggested that bank account is added in My bank account service on e-filing portal and then prefilled in ITR. IFS Code of the bank * Name of the Bank * Account Number * 9 Such option not available in online form filing, it only allows pre-validated bank accounts. Get refund credited in this bank account



Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)





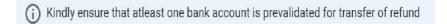








Utility connected Online



Do you have a bank account in India?

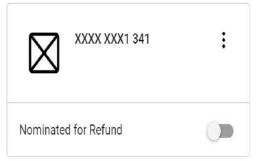
(Non-Residents claiming refund with no bank account in India may select No)

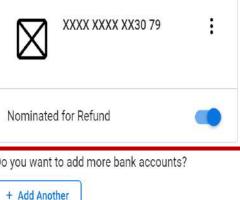
















Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)













Home > Filing Returns for A.Y. 2021-22 > ITR-3 > Schedules > Nature of Business

Nature of Business

Other than those declaring Income under sections 44AD, 44ADA and 44AE (i)

* Indicates mandatory fields



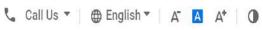
Back To Schedules

Confirm



Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)















Nature of Business

Other than those declaring Income under sections 44AD, 44ADA and 44AE (i)

* Indicates mandatory fields

Code *	Trade name of the proprietorship, if any
16001 -Legal profession	
Please see instruction	
Description	
Remaining Characters : 125	

Cancel

Save











Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)



Call Us ▼ | ⊕ English ▼ | A A A A











Home > Filing Returns for A.Y. 2021-22 > ITR-3 > Schedules > Nature of Business

Nature of Business

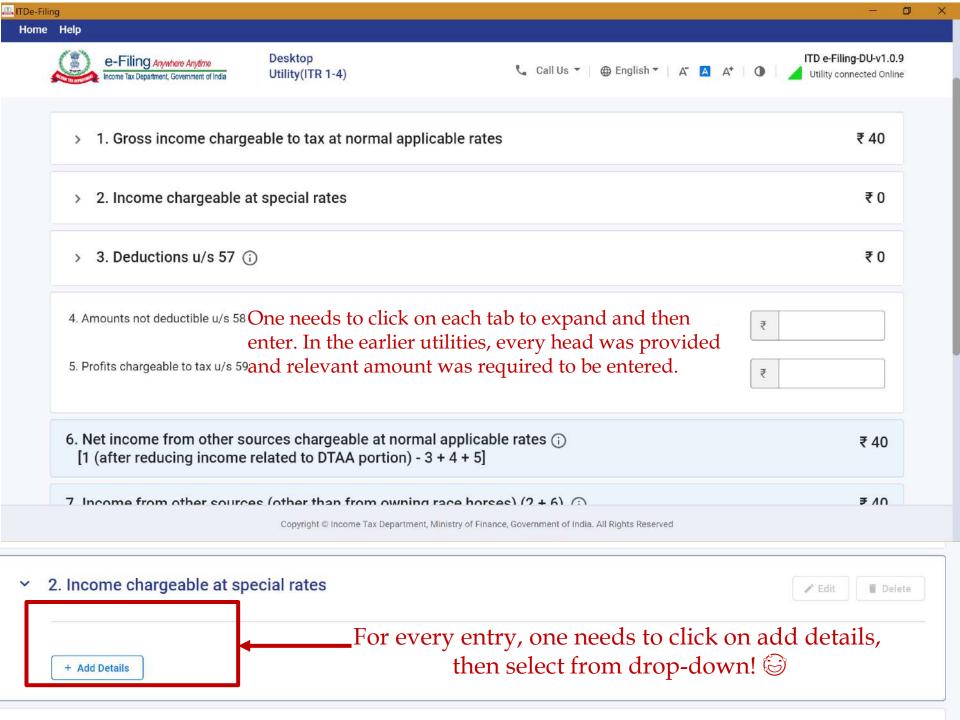
Other than those declaring Income under sections 44AD, 44ADA and 44AE (i)

* Indicates mandatory fields



< Back To Schedules

Confirm

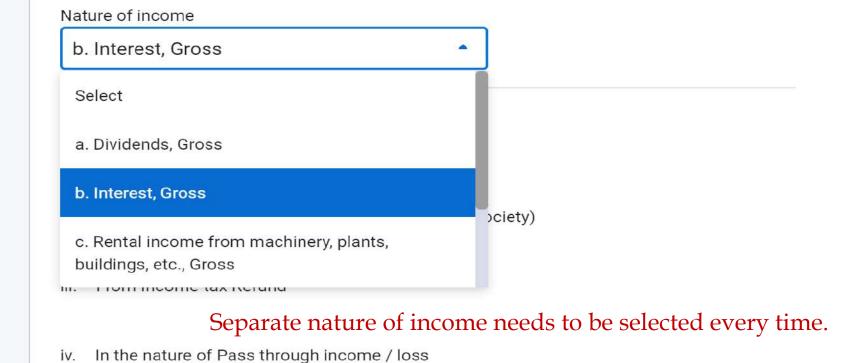






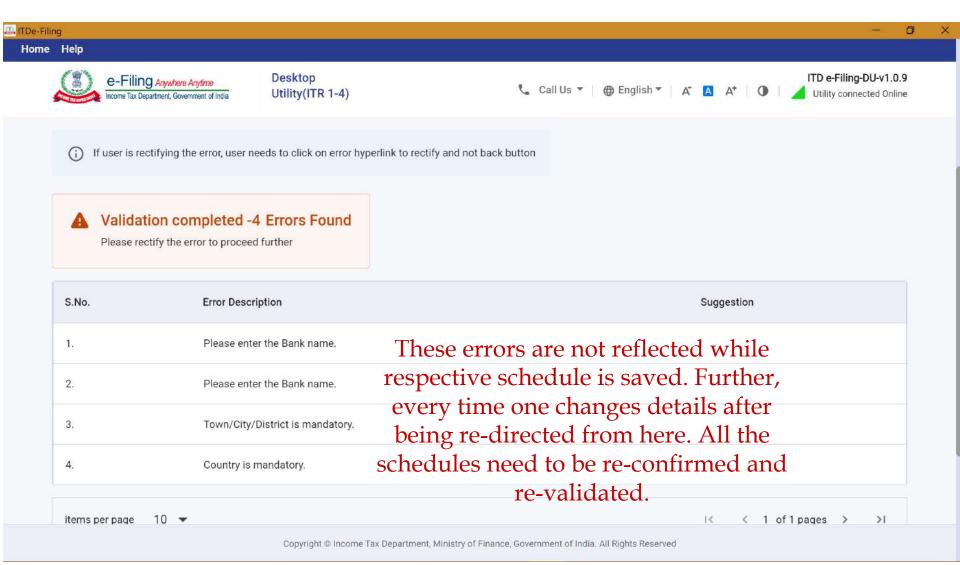
Desktop Utility(ITR 1-4)

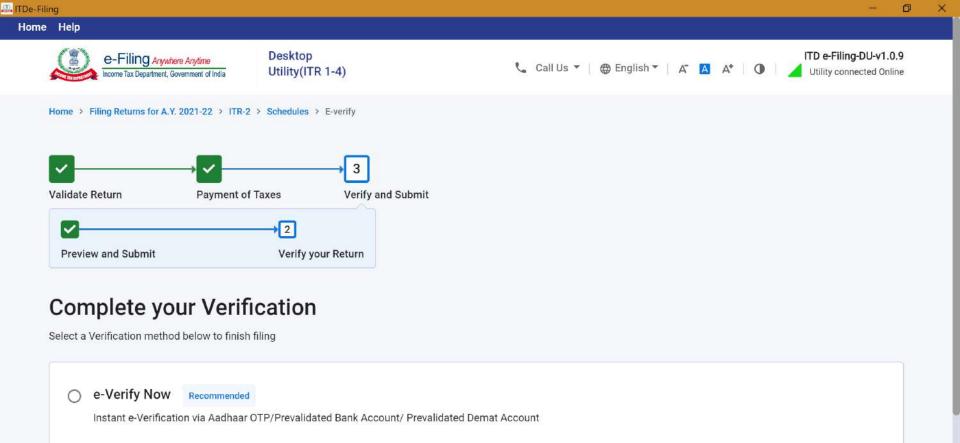
applicable rates



v. Others

Multiple Verifications

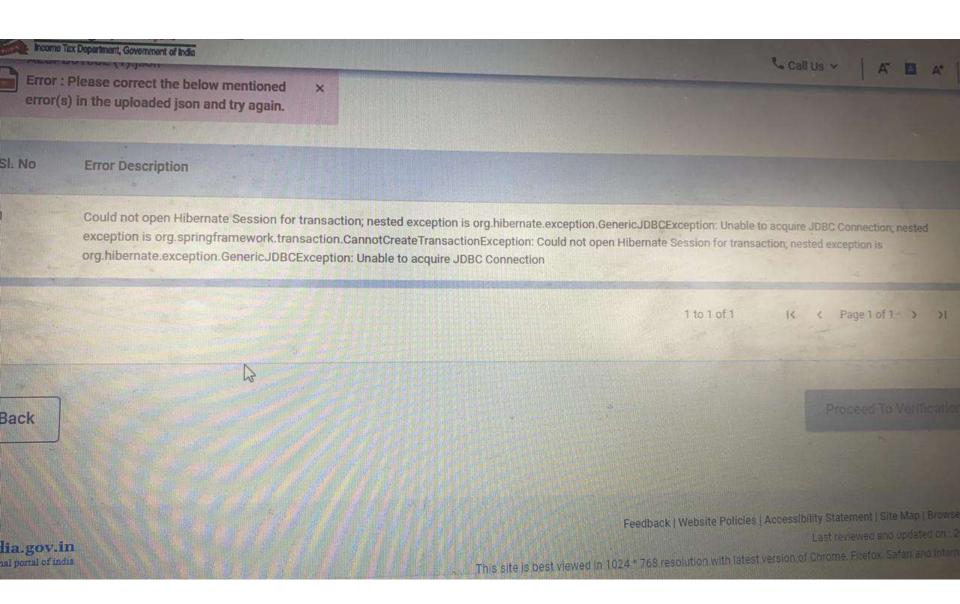




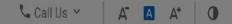
Copyright @ Income Tax Department, Ministry of Finance, Government of India. All Rights Reserved

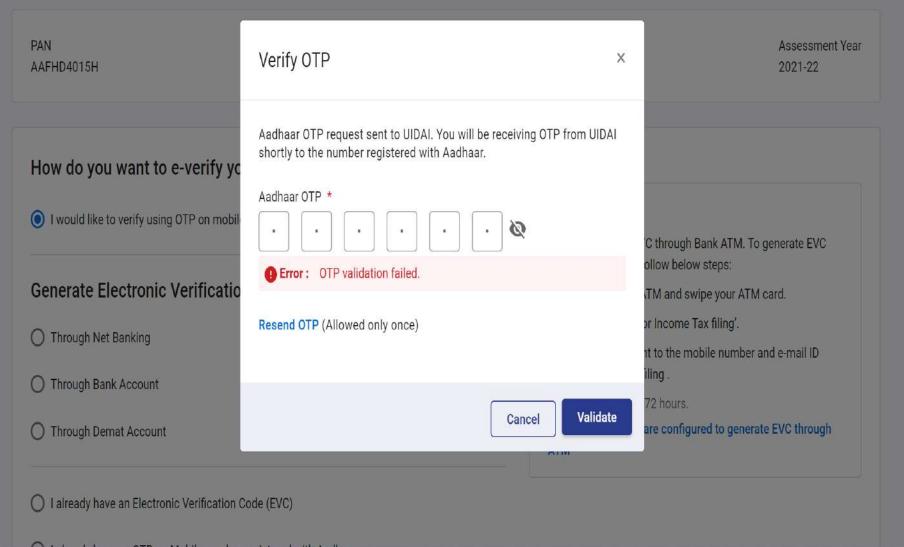
e-Verify Later

You can submit the return now and e-Verify within 30 days of submission

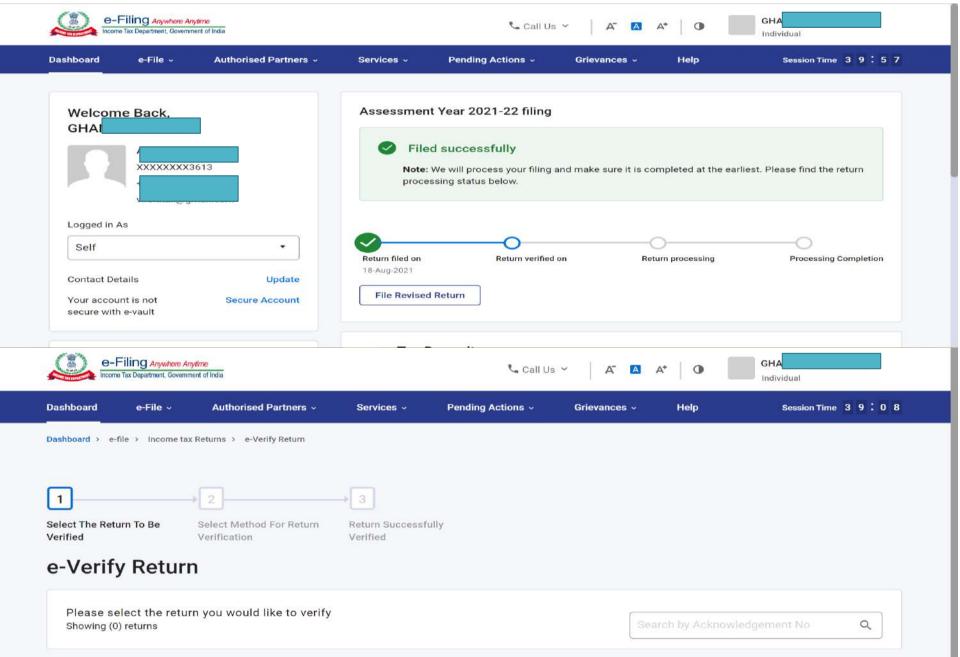


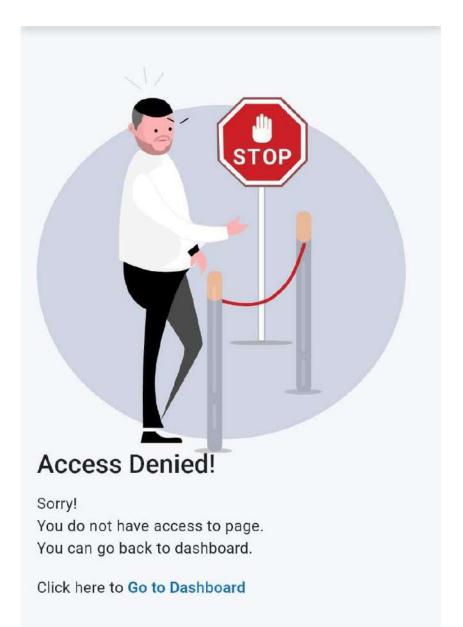






There were issues in uploading ITR of HUF which have been resolved in last couple of days. Also, issues with respect to inability to e-verify already filed ITR for AY 2021-22 have been resolved in few cases and still there issues in few cases. However, Aadhaar OTP validation failing in case of HUFs.





Such issue comes while downloading acknowledgement for AY 2021-22.

Good things!

Returns Draft Ver	rsion of Returns Pre-filled Data		
			- Filter
		Search	Q
All the ITR F a form in san	orms one is working on are saved ne utility, you do not need to prov Desktop Utility itself. I Last Saved: 29-Aug-2021 A.Y.:2021-22	in draft version of returns. So, ev vide the location of earlier JSON as t was not available on earlier port	nd open. It is ready on the
a form in sar	ne utility, you do not need to prov Desktop Utility itself. I Last Saved : 29-Aug-2021	vide the location of earlier JSON as	nd open. It is ready on the

Further, consider a case when an individual is signing authority in 5 non-individual entities. His DSC was required to be registered for each entity and for his individual PAN separately. Now, DSC needs to be registered only against a PAN. Every time PAN is quoted, system will fetch DSC related details and allow signing. Also, there is no need for DSC Utility, EmSigner and technical hacks like 127.0.0.1.

Resources

Resources

Consequences of late filing

- Late Fee under Section 271F
- Penal Interest @ 1% per month under Section 234A
- Losses cannot be carried forward
- Deductions under Section 10A, 10B, 80-IA, 80-IB etc. not allowed.
- Section 80AC introduced to extend the disallowance of deductions under Section 80H to Section
 RRB
- Prosecution for not filing the ITR Section 276CC

Assessment Related Features

- E-proceedings extended to all scrutiny assessments
- Higher penalty for default in furnishing AIR [Section 271FA]

Resources

Help Resources

• Resources for Help Available on the ITD Website:

• Income Tax Related Queries 1800 180 1961

• E-Filing and CPC 1800 103 0025 | 1800 419 0025

+91 80 4612 2000 | +91 6146 4700

• Tax Information Network (NSDL) +91 20 2721 8080

• E-mail <u>orm@cpc.incometax.gov.in</u>

efilingwebmanager@incometax.gov.in



Sr. No.	Particulars	Check Points
1.	Salary Income	Whether all details of perquisites are available
2.	House property Income	Check interest and Municipal Taxes
3.	Business Income	 Check applicability of 44AD/44ADA Compare closing Balance of Capital and Stock of last year with Current Year Check any items of disallowances & items to be treated separately Check Cash receipts and payments and verify whether they are eligible for enhanced Limits of Tax Audit Check date of Purchase of assets and compute Depreciation(100% or 50%) accordingly In case of of related clients check the internal reconciliation of transactions between them Check whether remuneration and interest paid to partners are in accordance with partnership deed and provisions of Section 40(b)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Check Points
4.	Capital Gain	 Grandfathering Comparison in case of sale of listed Equity Shares(Long Term) Short Term gain or business income – whether considered Transaction statement of Mutual Funds for Switch-in & Switch-out of Mutual Fund units Whether relief u/s. 54, etc. claimed Whether benefit of 10% tax without indexation
5.	Other Income	 Check reinvestment of Dividend Check interest on renewed Fixed Deposits Check taxability of gifts, etc
6.	Minors Income	 Club in the Parents hands
7.	Gift to Spouse	 Club in the hands of Donor
8.	Loss	 Check Set off of Current Years Loss Check if there is any Brought Forward Loss

Sr. No.	Particulars	Check Points
12.	Interest	 234A 234B 234C Penalty for delay in filing on Income Tax Return
13.	Final Tax Position	 Work our Final Tax Payable or Refund Receivable Intimate to client at the earliest to avoid undue interest
14.	Prepare Notes	 Residential Status of Client Accounting Policies followed Nature of Business Stamp Duty Valuation Important issues in the return and final call taken along with relevant Section & Notification Notes on Significant Difference if any compared to Last years return of Income

Sr. No.	Particulars	Check Points
15.	Deduction	 Common Deductions 80C 80D (Mediclaim & Preventive Health Check up) 80TTA (Saving Bank Interest) 80TTB (Interest of Fixed Deposit for Senior Citizen) 80EE (Interest on Loan taken for residential House) 80G (Donation to specified Institution)
16.	Tax Working	 Tax Free Limit for Resident, Senior Citizen, Super Senior Citizen (No specific limit for Non Resident) Special Rate for LTCG Special Rate for STCG (No relief for tax free limit from Long Term and Short term gain for Non-residents) DTA Rate/Section 91 Relief MAT Surcharge and Marginal Relief(If any)
17.	Credit of Taxes Paid	 TDS (Follow up for credit not available on 26AS) Advance Tax Self Assessment Tax Foreign Tax

Information Required to be furnished

- KYC Details (PAN; Aadhaar; Passport)
- Bank Details along with IFSC Code and Account Number
- Phone Number and email id
- Name, Address and PAN of employer
- Details of Partnership Firm, LLP, Company where assesse is Partner/Director
- Details are per schedule of Foreign Assets
- Date of Furnishing of Audit Report
- Name, Membership Number, PAN/Aadhaar of Auditor
- Address of property owned by assesse
- Assesses percentage share in the property
- Name, PAN/Aadhaar, Percentage share of each co-owner
- PAN/Aadhaar of tenant
- PAN/Aadhaar of buyer in case of sale of Property

Information Required to be furnished

- Stamp duty value of land or building transferred
- Name and address and PAN of each of the donee to whom donation has been given and deduction u/s 80G is to be claimed
- TDS brought forward from earlier years with details of financial year in which it was deducted
- Name and PAN (Optional) of person, Relationship and Nature of income in case of Income of specified person
- In case of LLP / company LLPIN / CIN
- DPIN / DIN of designated partners of LLP and directors of company
- Brought forward losses if losses as assessed are different from losses as returned
- Date of furnishing of report under Ss. 92E, 115JB, 115JC, wherever applicable
- Date of furnishing of report under Ss. 92E, 115JB, 115JC, wherever applicable
- In case assessee is a partner in a firm / LLP name of the firm where he is a partner, PAN of the firm, his profit sharing ratio, his capital balance in the firm as on 31st March.
- Shareholding Pattern of the Company along with Issue Price and date of issue of shares

Questions?

Comments and Suggestions are Welcome!

Thank You!

utsavmilanshah@gmail.com | doshiviren@live.com